# GigaDevice Semiconductor Inc.

GD32103C-EVAL User Guide V2.2



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| ilgabevice |                  | 0D321030-LVAL |
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## 1 Summary

GD32103C-EVAL uses GD32F103VCT6 as the main controller. It uses Mini USB interface or DC-005 connector to supply 5V power. SWD, Reset, Boot, User button key, LED, CAN, I2C, I2S, USART, RTC, LCD, SPI, ADC, DAC, EXMC, SDIO, USBD, GD-Link and Extension Pins are also included. For more details please refer to GD32103C-EVAL-V1.2 schematic.

## **2** Function Pin Assign

Table 1. Function pin assign

| Function | Pin  | Description |
|----------|------|-------------|
|          | PC0  | LED2        |
| LED      | PC2  | LED3        |
| LED      | PE0  | LED4        |
|          | PE1  | LED5        |
| RESET    |      | K1-Reset    |
|          | PA0  | K2-Wakeup   |
| KEY      | PC13 | K3-Tamper   |
|          | PB14 | K4-User key |
| USART0   | PA9  | USART0_TX   |
| USARTU   | PA10 | USART0_RX   |
| USART1   | PA2  | USART1_TX   |
| USARTI   | PA3  | USART1_RX   |
| ADC      | PC3  | ADC012_IN13 |
| DAC      | PA4  | DAC_OUT0    |
| DAC      | PA5  | DAC_OUT1    |
| I2C      | PB6  | I2C0_SCL    |
| 120      | PB7  | I2C0_SDA    |
|          | PA5  | SPI0_SCK    |
| SPI      | PA6  | SPI0_MISO   |
|          | PA7  | SPI0_MOSI   |
|          | PE3  | SPI0_CS     |
|          | PA4  | MSEL        |
|          | PA5  | MCLK        |
|          | PA7  | MDIN        |
| I2S      | PB12 | I2S_WS      |
|          | PB13 | I2S_CK      |
|          | PB15 | I2S_DIN     |
|          | PC6  | I2S_MCK     |
| CAN      | PD0  | CAN0_RX     |
| CAN      | PD1  | CAN0_TX     |



|            | PD2  | 0010 0110  |
|------------|------|------------|
|            | 1 02 | SDIO_CMD   |
|            | PC12 | SDIO_CLK   |
| SDIO       | PC8  | SDIO_DAT0  |
| 3010       | PC9  | SDIO_DAT1  |
|            | PC10 | SDIO_DAT2  |
|            | PC11 | SDIO_DAT3  |
|            | PD14 | EXMC_D0    |
|            | PD15 | EXMC_D1    |
|            | PD0  | EXMC_D2    |
|            | PD1  | EXMC_D3    |
|            | PE7  | EXMC_D4    |
|            | PE8  | EXMC_D5    |
| NAME EL I  | PE9  | EXMC_D6    |
| NAND Flash | PE10 | EXMC_D7    |
|            | PD11 | EXMC_A16   |
|            | PD12 | EXMC_A17   |
|            | PD4  | EXMC_NOE   |
|            | PD5  | EXMC_NWE   |
|            | PD6  | EXMC_NWAIT |
|            | PD7  | EXMC_NCE1  |
|            | PD14 | EXMC_D0    |
|            | PD15 | EXMC_D1    |
|            | PD0  | EXMC_D2    |
|            | PD1  | EXMC_D3    |
|            | PE7  | EXMC_D4    |
|            | PE8  | EXMC_D5    |
|            | PE9  | EXMC_D6    |
|            | PE10 | EXMC_D7    |
|            | PE11 | EXMC_D8    |
|            | PE12 | EXMC_D9    |
| LCD        | PE13 | EXMC_D10   |
|            | PE14 | EXMC_D11   |
|            | PE15 | EXMC_D12   |
|            | PD8  | EXMC_D13   |
|            | PD9  | EXMC_D14   |
|            | PD10 | EXMC_D15   |
|            | PE2  | EXMC_A23   |
|            | PD4  | EXMC_NOE   |
|            | PD5  | EXMC_NWE   |
|            | PD7  | EXMC_NE0   |
|            | PA11 | USB_DM     |
| USBD       | PA12 | USB_DP     |





## 3 Getting started

The EVAL board uses Mini USB connecter or DC-005 connector to get power DC +5V, which is the hardware system normal work voltage. A J-Link tool or GD-Link on board is necessary in order to download and debug programs. Select the correct boot mode and then power on, the LED1 will turn on, which indicates that the power supply is OK.

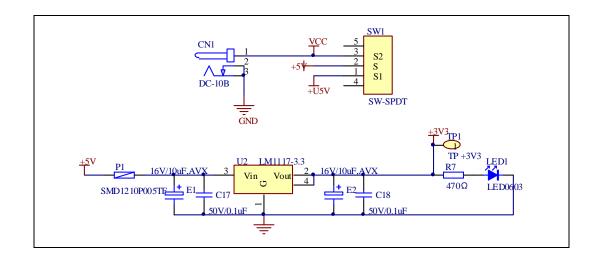
There are Keil version and IAR version of all projects. Keil version of the projects are created based on Keil MDK-ARM 4.74 uVision4. IAR version of the projects are created based on IAR Embedded Workbench for ARM 7.40.2. During use, the following points should be noted:

- 1. If you use Keil uVision4 to open the project, install the GD32F10x\_AddOn.2.0.0.exe to load the associated files.
- 2. If you use Keil uVision5 to open the project, there are two ways to solve the "Device Missing" (s)" problem. One is to install GigaDevice.GD32F10x\_DFP.2.0.1.pack. In Project menu, select the Manage sub menu, click on the "Version Migrate 5 Format..." menu, the Keil uVision4 project will be converted Keil uVision5 project. Then to "C:\Keil\_v5\ARM\Pack\ARM\CMSIS\4.2.0\CMSIS\Include" to C/C++ in Option for Target. The other is to install Addon directly. Select the installation directory of Keil uVision5 software, such as C:\Keil\_v5, in Destination Folder of Folder Selection. Select the corresponding device in Device of Option for Target and add "C:\Keil\_v5\ARM\Pack\ARM\CMSIS\4.2.0\CMSIS\Include" to C/C++ in Option for Target.
- 3. If you use IAR to open the project, install IAR\_GD32F10x\_ADDON.2.0.0.exe to load the associated files.

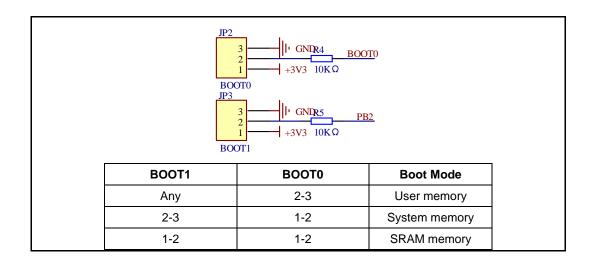


## 4 Hardware layout overview

## 4.1 Power

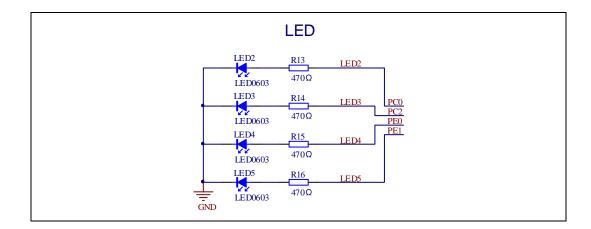


## 4.2 Boot

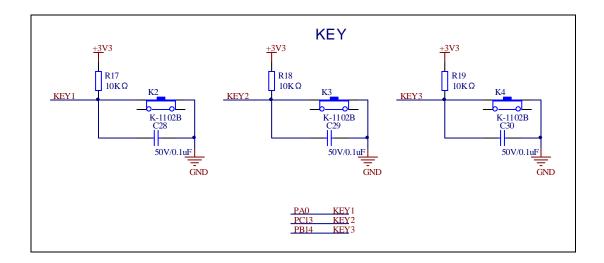




## 4.3 LED

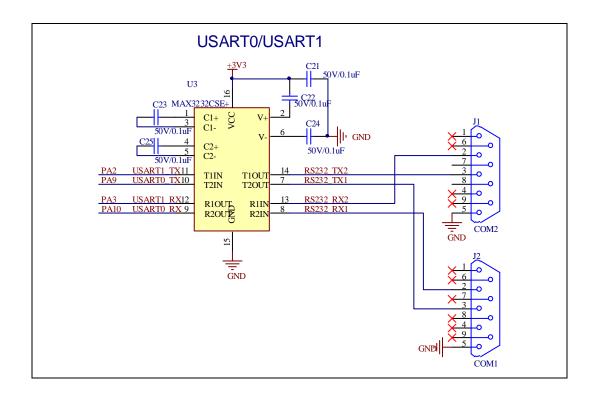


## 4.4 KEY

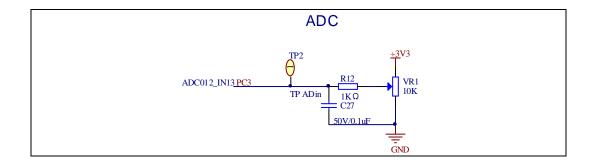




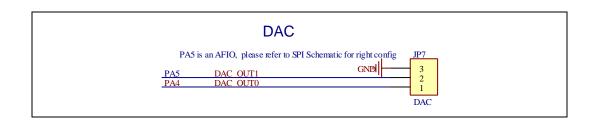
### 4.5 USART



### 4.6 ADC

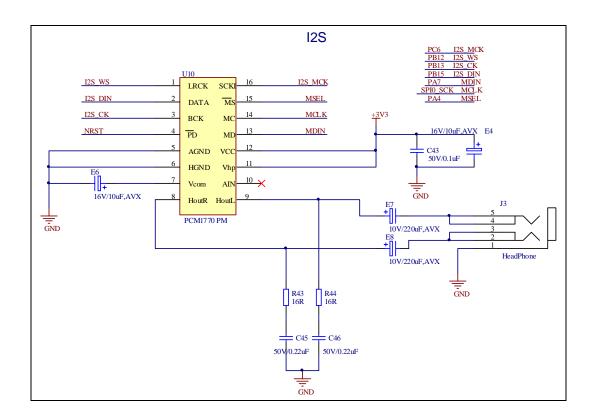


## 4.7 DAC

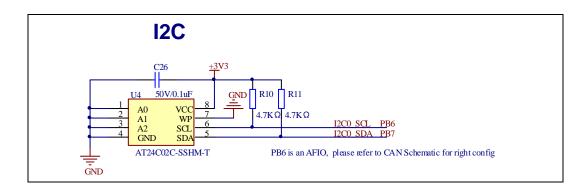




## 4.8 I2S

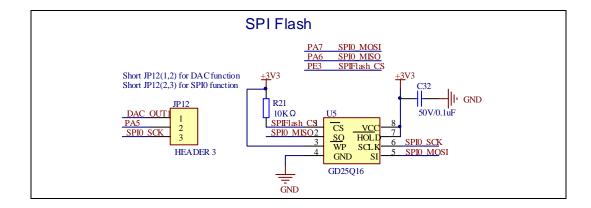


## 4.9 I2C

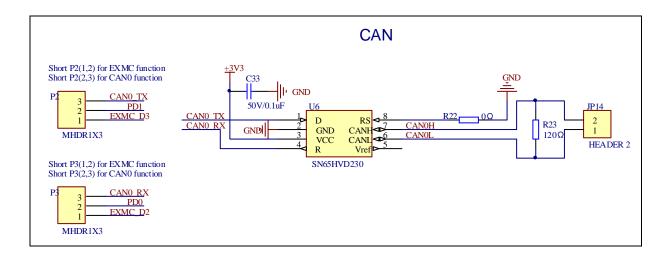




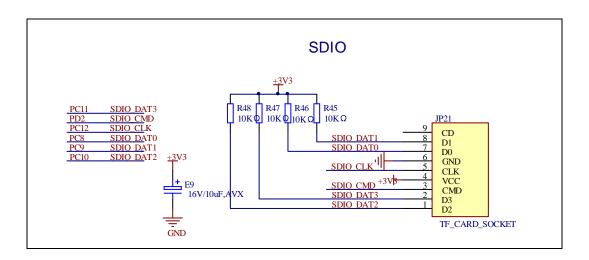
#### 4.10 SPI



### 4.11 CAN

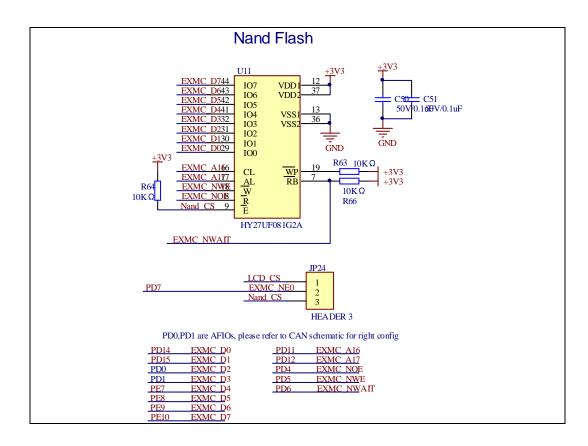


#### 4.12 SDIO



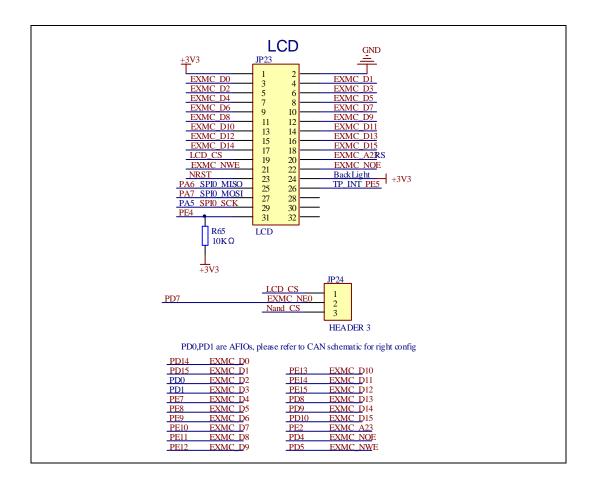


### 4.13 NAND

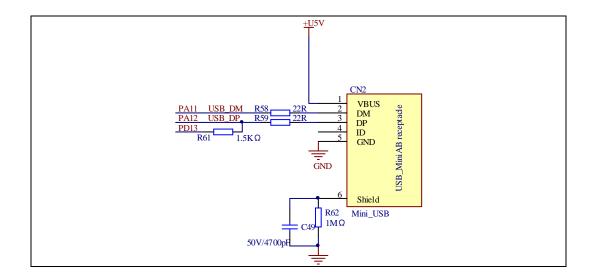




#### 4.14 LCD

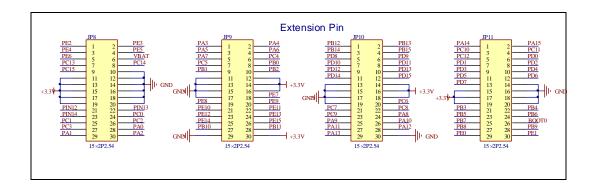


#### 4.15 USBD

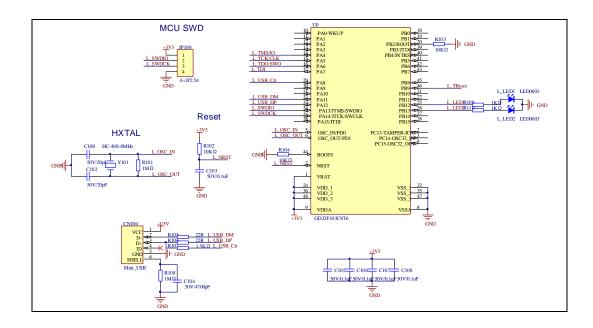




## 4.16 Extension



## 4.17 **GD-Link**





## 5 Routine use guide

## 5.1 **GPIO\_Runing\_Led**

#### 5.1.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED
- Learn to use SysTick to generate 1ms delay

GD32103C-EVAL board has four LEDs. The LED2, LED3, LED4 and LED5 are controlled by GPIO. This demo will show how to light the LEDs.

## 5.1.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <01\_GPIO\_Runing\_Led> to the EVAL board, LED2, LED3, LED4, LED5 will turn on in sequence with interval of 200ms, and turn off together, 200ms later, repeat the process.

### 5.2 **GPIO\_Key\_Polling\_mode**

## 5.2.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED and the KEY
- Learn to use SysTick to generate 1ms delay

GD32103C-EVAL board has four keys and four LEDs. The four keys are Reset key, Tamper key, Wakeup key and User key. The LED2, LED3, LED4 and LED5 are controlled by GPIO.

This demo will show how to use the Tamper key to control the LED2. When press down the Tamper Key, it will check the input value of the IO port. If the value is 0 and will wait for 100ms. Check the input value of the IO port again. If the value still is 0, it indicates that the button is pressed successfully and toggle LED2.

## 5.2.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <02\_GPIO\_Key\_Polling\_mode> to the EVAL board, press down the Tamper Key, LED2 will be turned on. Press down the Tamper Key again, LED2 will be turned

off.

## 5.3 EXTI\_Key\_Interrupt\_mode

### 5.3.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED and the KEY
- Learn to use EXTI to generate external interrupt

GD32103C-EVAL board has four keys and four LEDs. The four keys are Reset key, Tamper key, Wakeup key and User key. The LED2, LED3, LED4 and LED5 are controlled by GPIO.

This demo will show how to use the EXTI interrupt line to control the LED2. When press down the Tamper Key, it will produce an interrupt. In the interrupt service function, the demo will toggle LED2.

### 5.3.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <03\_EXTI\_Key\_Interrupt\_mode> to the EVAL board, Press down the Tamper Key, LED2 will be turned on. Press down the Tamper Key again, LED2 will be turned off.

#### 5.4 USART Printf

#### 5.4.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED
- Learn to retarget the C library printf function to the USART

## 5.4.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program < 04\_USART\_Printf > to the EVAL board, connect serial cable to EVAL\_COM0. This implementation outputs "USART printf example: please press the Tamper key" on the HyperTerminal using EVAL\_COM0. Press the Tamper key, serial port will output "USART printf example".

The output information via the serial port is as following.



USART printf example: please press the Tamper key
USART printf example

#### 5.5 USART\_HyperTerminal\_Interrupt

#### 5.5.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use the USART transmit and receive interrupts to communicate with the serial terminal tool

#### 5.5.2 **DEMO Running Result**

Download the program < 05\_USART\_HyperTerminal\_Interrupt > to the EVAL board, connect serial cable to EVAL\_COM0. Firstly, all the LEDs are turned on and off for test. Then, the EVAL\_COM0 sends the tx\_buffer array (from 0x00 to 0xFF) to the serial terminal tool supporting hex format communication and waits for receiving data of BUFFER\_SIZE bytes from the serial terminal. The data MCU has received is stored in the rx\_buffer array. After that, compare tx\_buffer with rx\_buffer. If tx\_buffer is same with rx\_buffer, LED2, LED3, LED4, LED5 flash by turns. Otherwise, LED2, LED3, LED4, LED5 toggle together.

The output information via the serial port is as following.

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17
1C 1D 1E 1F 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F 30 31 32 33
                                                                                 18
   1D 1E 1F 20 21 22 23 24 25
                                                                             33 34
                3D 3E 3F 40 41
                                 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F 50 51 52 53
                    5A 5B
                          50
                              5D
                                 5E 5F 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67
                                                                   68 69 6A 6B 6C
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B
   8D 8E 8F 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F AO A1 A2 A3 A4
   A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF BO B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF CO
   C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF DO D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF
          E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF F0 F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB
FC FD FE FF
```

## 5.6 USART\_DMA

## 5.6.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

Learn to use the USART transmit and receive data using DMA



#### 5.6.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program < 06\_USART\_DMA > to the EVAL board, connect serial cable to EVAL\_COM0. Firstly, all the LEDs are turned on and off for test. Then, the EVAL\_COM0 sends the tx\_buffer array (from 0x00 to 0xFF) to the serial terminal tool supporting hex format communication and waits for receiving data of same bytes as tx\_buffer from the serial terminal. The data MCU have received is stored in the rx\_buffer array. After that, compare tx\_buffer with rx\_buffer. If tx\_buffer is same with rx\_buffer, LED2, LED3, LED4, LED5 flash by turns. Otherwise, LED2, LED3, LED4, LED5 toggle together.

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B OC 0D OE OF 10 11
   1D 1E 1F 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F 4O 41 42 43 44 45 46 47
                                                   2C 2D 2E 2F
                                                                   31
                                42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B
   39 3A 3B 3C
                                                                4C 4D 4E 4F
54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
                   76 77 78
   71 72
         73 74 75
                            79
                                7A 7B 7C
                                         7D 7E 7F 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88
8C 8D 8E 8F 9O 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F AO A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7
A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF BO B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF CO C1
C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF DO D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF
EO E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF F0 F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB
```

#### 5.7 ADC\_Temperature\_Vrefint

#### 5.7.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use the ADC to convert analog signal to digital data
- Learn to get the value of inner channel 16(temperature sensor channel) and channel 17 (VREFINT channel)

## 5.7.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <07\_ADC\_Temperature\_Vrefint> to the GD32103C-EVAL board. Connect serial cable to EVAL\_COM0, open the HyperTerminal.

When the program is running, HyperTerminal display the value of temperature and internal voltage reference (VREFINT).

Notice: because there is an offset, when inner temperature sensor is used to detect accurate temperature, an external temperature sensor part should be used to calibrate the offset error.



```
the temperature data is 37 degrees Celsius the reference voltage data is 1.180V

the temperature data is 37 degrees Celsius the reference voltage data is 1.179V

the temperature data is 37 degrees Celsius the reference voltage data is 1.180V

the temperature data is 37 degrees Celsius the reference voltage data is 1.179V

the temperature data is 36 degrees Celsius the reference voltage data is 1.187V

the temperature data is 37 degrees Celsius the reference voltage data is 1.187V

the temperature data is 37 degrees Celsius the reference voltage data is 1.187V

the temperature data is 37 degrees Celsius the reference voltage data is 1.179V
```

#### 5.8 ADC0\_ADC1\_Follow\_up\_mode

## 5.8.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use the ADC to convert analog signal to digital data
- Learn to use ADC0 and ADC1 follow-up mode

## 5.8.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <08\_ADC0\_ADC1\_Follow\_up\_mode> to the GD32103C-EVAL board. Connect serial cable to EVAL\_COM0, open the HyperTerminal. PC3 and PC5 pin voltage access by external voltage.

TIMER0\_CH0 is the trigger source of ADC0 and ADC1. When the rising edge of TIMER0\_CH0 coming, ADC0 starts immediately and ADC1 starts after a delay of several ADC clock cycles. The values of ADC0 and ADC1 are transmitted to array adc\_value[0] and adc\_value[1] by DMA.

When the first rising edge of TIMER0\_CH0 coming, the value of the ADC0 conversion of PC3 pin is stored into the low half word of adc\_value[0], and after a delay of several ADC clock cycles the value of the ADC1 conversion of PC5 pin is stored into the high half word of adc\_value[0]. When the second rising edge of TIMER0\_CH0 coming, the value of the ADC0 conversion of PC5 pin is stored into the low half word of adc\_value[1], and after a delay of several ADC clock cycles the value of the ADC1 conversion of PC3 pin is stored into the high half word of adc\_value[1].

When the program is running, HyperTerminal display the regular value of ADC0 and ADC1 by adc\_value[0] and adc\_value[1].



```
the data adc_value[0] is OFFC03E5
the data adc_value[1] is O3E50FFC
the data adc_value[0] is OFFD03E3
the data add value[1] is O3E40FFE
the data adc_value[0] is OFFC03E4
the data adc_value[1] is O3E50FFC
the data adc_value[0] is OFFE03E4
the data adc_value[1] is O3E4OFFD
the data adc_value[0] is OFFD041B
the data adc_value[1] is O41COFFD
the data adc_value[0] is OFFD045E
the data adc_value[1] is O45EOFFD
the data adc_value[0] is OFFCO478
the data adc_value[1] is 04740FFB
the data adc_value[0] is OFFCO4ED
the data adc_value[1] is O4EDOFFC
the data adc_value[0] is OFFC0579
the data adc_value[1] is O57BOFFC
the data adc_value[0] is OFFC060E
the data adc_value[1] is O60F0FFD
```

#### 5.9 ADC0\_ADC1\_Regular\_Parallel\_mode

#### 5.9.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use the ADC to convert analog signal to digital data
- Learn to use ADC0 and ADC1 regular parallel mode

## 5.9.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <09\_ADC0\_ADC1\_Regular\_Parallel\_mode> to the GD32103C-EVAL board. Connect serial cable to EVAL\_COM0, open the HyperTerminal. PC3 and PC5 pin connect to external voltage input.

TIMERO\_CH0 is the trigger source of ADC0 and ADC1. When the rising edge of TIMERO\_CH0 coming, ADC0 and ADC1 convert the regular channel group parallelly. The values of ADC0 and ADC1 are transmitted to array adc\_value[0] and adc\_value[1] by DMA.

When the first rising edge of TIMER0\_CH0 coming, the value of the ADC0 conversion of PC3 pin is stored into the low half word of adc\_value[0], the value of the ADC1 conversion of PC5 pin is stored into the high half word of adc\_value[0]. When the second rising edge of TIMER0\_CH0 coming, the value of the ADC0 conversion of PC5 pin is stored into the low half word of adc\_value[1], the value of the ADC1 conversion of PC3 pin is stored into the high half



word of adc\_value[1].

When the program is running, HyperTerminal displays the regular value of ADC0 and ADC1 stored in adc\_value[0] and adc\_value[1].

```
the data adc_value[0] is OFFA0003
the data adc_value[1] is 00050FFC
the data adc_value[0] is OFFB0004
the data adc_value[1] is 00040FFE
the data adc_value[0] is OFFB0003
the data adc_value[1] is 00040FFD
the data adc_value[0] is OFFB0004
the data adc_value[1] is 00040FFB
the data adc_value[0] is OFFC0003
the data adc_value[1] is 00030FFD
the data adc_value[0] is OFFD0004
the data adc_value[1] is 00040FFB
the data adc_value[0] is OFFE0003
the data adc_value[1] is 00020FFB
the data adc_value[0] is OFFA0004
the data adc_value[1] is 00040FFE
the data adc_value[0] is OFFD0004
the data adc_value[1] is 00030FFC
the data adc_value[0] is OFFE0004
the data adc_value[1] is 00040FFC
```

## 5.10 DAC\_Output\_Voltage\_Value

## 5.10.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

Learn to use DAC to output voltage on DAC0 output

## 5.10.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <10\_DAC\_Output\_Voltage\_Value> to the EVAL board and run, all the LEDs will turn on and turn off for test. The digital value is 0x7FF0, its converted analog voltage should be 1.65V (VREF/2), using the voltmeter to measure PA4 or DA1 on JP7, its value is 1.65V.



#### 5.11 I2C\_EEPROM

### 5.11.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use the master transmitting mode of I2C module
- Learn to use the master receiving mode of I2C module
- Learn to read and write the EEPROM with I2C interface

## 5.11.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <11\_I2C\_EEPROM> to the EVAL board and run. Connect serial cable to COM0, and open the HyperTerminal to show the print message.

Firstly, the data of 256 bytes will be written to the EEPROM from the address 0x00 and printed by the serial port. Then, reading the EEPROM from address 0x00 for 256 bytes and the result will be printed. Finally, compare the data that were written to the EEPROM and the data that were read from the EEPROM. If they are the same, the serial port will output "I2C-AT24C02 test passed!" and the four LEDs lights flashing, otherwise the serial port will output "Err: data read and write aren't matching." and all the four LEDs light.

The output information via the serial port is as following.



```
I2C-24CO2 configured.
The I2CO is hardware interface
The speed is 400000
AT24C02 writing.
0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F
0x10 0x11 0x12
               0x13 0x14 0x15
                              0x16 0x17
                                         0x18
                                              0x19
                                                   Ox1A Ox1B
                                                              0x1C
                                                                   0x1D 0x1E
0x20 0x21 0x22
               0x23 0x24 0x25
                              0x26 0x27
                                         0x28 0x29
                                                   0x2A 0x2B
                                                              0x2C
                                                                   0x2D 0x2E
l0x30_0x31_0x32
               0x33
                    0x34 0x35
                              0x36 0x37
                                         0x38
                                              0x39
                                                   Ox3A Ox3B
                                                              0x30
                                                                   Ox3D Ox3E
                                                                             0x3F
0x40 0x41
         0x42
               0x43
                    0x44 0x45
                              0x46
                                   0x47
                                         0x48
                                              0x49
                                                   Ox4A Ox4B
                                                              0x4C
                                                                   Ox4D Ox4E
                                                                             0x4F
         0x52
               0x53 0x54 0x55
                              0x56
                                   0x57
                                                   0x5A 0x5B 0x5C
                                                                   0x5D 0x5E
0x50 0x51
                                         0x58
                                              0x59
0x60 0x61
         0x62
               0x63
                    0x64
                         0x65
                              0x66
                                   0x67
                                         0x68
                                              0x69
                                                   Ox6A Ox6B
                                                              0x6C
                                                                   Ox6D Ox6E
l0x70 0x71
         0x72
               0x73
                    0x74 \ 0x75
                              0x76
                                   0x77
                                         0x78
                                                   Ox7A Ox7B
                                                              0x7C
                                                                   0x7D 0x7E
                                              0x79
                                                                             0x7F
0x80 0x81
         0x82
               0x83 0x84
                         0x85
                              0x86
                                   0x87
                                         0x88
                                              0x89
                                                   Ox8A Ox8B
                                                              0x8C
                                                                   Ox8D Ox8E
                                                                             0x8F
0x90 0x91
         0x92
               0x93
                    0x94
                         0x95
                              0x96
                                   0x97
                                         0x98
                                              0x99
                                                   Ox9A Ox9B
                                                              0x9C
                                                                   Ox9D Ox9E
                         0xA5
OxAO OxA1
         0xA2
               0xA3
                    0xA4
                              0xA6
                                   0xA7
                                         0xA8
                                              0xA9
                                                   OxAA OxAB OxAC
                                                                   OxAD OxAE
OxBO OxB1
                                                                        0xBE
          0xB2
               0xB3
                    0xB4
                         0xB5
                               0xB6
                                   0xB7
                                         0xB8
                                              0xB9
                                                   OxBA OxBB
                                                              0xBC
                                                                   0xBD
0x00_0x01_0x02
                    0xC4 \cdot 0xC5
                                         0xC8
                                                   OxCA OxCB
                                                              0xCC
                                                                   OxCD OxCE
               0xC3
                              0xC6
                                   -0 \times C7
                                              0xC9
                                                                             0xCF
0xD0 0xD1 0xD2
               0xD3 0xD4 0xD5
                              0xD6 0xD7
                                         OxD8 OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC
                                                                   OxDD OxDE
                                                                             0xDF
OxEO OxE1
         0xE2
               OxE3 OxE4 OxE5
                              OxE6 OxE7
                                         0xE8
                                              0xE9
                                                   OxEA OxEB OxEC
                                                                   OxED OxEE
OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5 OxF6 OxF7
                                        0xF8
                                              OxF9 OxFA OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFF
AT24C02 reading
0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F
0x10 0x11 0x12
               0x13 0x14 0x15
                              0x16 0x17
                                         0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C
                                                                   Ox1D Ox1E
0x20 0x21 0x22
               0x23 0x24 0x25
                              0x26
                                   0x27
                                         0x28
                                              0x29
                                                   0x2A 0x2B 0x2C
                                                                   0x2D 0x2E
0x30 0x31 0x32
               0x33
                    0x34 0x35
                              0x36
                                   0x37
                                         0x38
                                              0x39
                                                   Ox3A Ox3B
                                                              0x3C
                                                                   Ox3D Ox3E
                                                                             0x3F
               0x43
                    0x44 0x45
                              0x46 0x47
0x40 0x41
         0x42
                                         0x48
                                              0x49
                                                   Ox4A Ox4B
                                                              0x4C
                                                                   Ox4D Ox4E
                                                                             0x4F
10x50_0x51
         0x52
               0x53
                    0x54
                         0x55
                              0x56
                                   0x57
                                         0x58
                                              0x59
                                                   Ox5A Ox5B
                                                              0x50
                                                                   0x50 0x5E
0x60 0x61
         0x62
               0x63 0x64
                         0x65
                              0x66
                                   0x67
                                         0x68
                                              0x69
                                                   Ox6A Ox6B
                                                              0x6C
                                                                   Ox6D Ox6E
                                                                             0x6F
0x70 0x71
          0x72
               0x73
                    0x74
                         0x75
                               0x76
                                    0x77
                                         0x78
                                              0x79
                                                   Ox7A Ox7B
                                                              0x7C
                                                                   0x7D
                                                                        0x7E
0x80 0x81
         0x82
               0x83
                    0x84 0x85
                              0x86
                                   0x87
                                         0x88
                                              0x89
                                                   Ox8A Ox8B
                                                              0x8C
                                                                   Ox8D Ox8E
                                                                             0x8F
0x90 0x91
         0x92
               0x93
                    0x94
                         0x95
                              0x96
                                   0x97
                                         0x98
                                              0x99
                                                   Ox9A Ox9B
                                                              0x9C
                                                                   Ox9D Ox9E
                                                                             0x9F
OxAO OxA1
          0xA2
               0xA3
                    0xA4
                         0xA5
                              0xA6
                                   0xA7
                                         0xA8
                                              0xA9
                                                   Oxaa Oxab
                                                              0xAC
                                                                   OxAD OxAE
                                                                             0xAF
OxBO OxB1 OxB2
               0xB3 0xB4 0xB5
                              0xB6
                                   0xB7
                                         0xB8
                                              0xB9
                                                   OxBA OxBB
                                                              0xBC
                                                                   OxBD OxBE
                                                                             OxBE
0xC0 0xC1
          0xC2
               0xC3
                    0xC4
                         0xC5
                               0xC6
                                    0xC7
                                         0xC8
                                              0xC9
                                                   OxCA OxCB
                                                              0xCC
                                                                   0xCD
                                                                        0xCE
OxDO OxD1 OxD2 OxD3 OxD4 OxD5 OxD6 OxD7
                                         0xD8 0xD9
                                                   OxDA OxDB OxDC
                                                                   OxDD OxDE OxDF
OxEO OxE1 OxE2 OxE3 OxE4 OxE5 OxE6 OxE7
                                        OxE8 OxE9 OxEA OxEB OxEC
                                                                   OxED OxEE
                                                                             OxEF
OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5 OxF6 OxF7 OxF8 OxF9 OxFA OxFB OxFC
                                                                   OxFD OxFE
I2C-AT24C02 test passed!|
```

## 5.12 SPI\_SPI\_Flash

## 5.12.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

Learn to use the master mode of SPI unit to read and write NOR Flash with the SPI interface

## 5.12.2 DEMO Running Result

The computer serial port line connected to the COM0 port of development board, set the baud rate of HyperTerminal software to 115200, 8 bits data bit, 1 bit stop bit. At the same time you should jump the JP12 to SPI.

Download the program <12\_SPI\_SPI\_Flash> to the EVAL board, the HyperTerminal software can observe the operation condition and will display the ID of the flash, 256 bytes data which are written to and read from flash. Compare the data that were written to the flash and the



data that were read from the flash. If they are the same, the serial port will output "SPI-GD25Q16 Test Passed!", otherwise, the serial port will output "Err: Data Read and Write aren't Matching.". At last, turn on and off the leds one by one. The following is the experimental results.

```
System is Starting up...
Flash:256K
The CPV Unique Device ID: [33303951-37303135-300100]
SPI Flash:GD25Q16 configured...
The Flash ID:0xC84015
Write to tx_buffer:
0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F
0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C 0x1D 0x1E 0x1F
0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23 0x24 0x25
                             0x26 0x27 0x28 0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C
                                                                0x2D 0x2E 0x2F
0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35
                                       0x38 0x39 0x3A 0x3B 0x3C
                             0x36 0x37
                                                                0x3D 0x3E 0x3F
0x40 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 0x47 0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B 0x4C
                                                               0x4D 0x4E 0x4F
0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57
                                       0x58 0x59 0x5A 0x5B 0x5C
                                                                Ox5D Ox5E Ox5E
0x60 0x61 0x62 0x63 0x64 0x65 0x66 0x67 0x68 0x69 0x6A 0x6B 0x6C
                                                                Ox6D Ox6E Ox6F
0x70 0x71 0x72 0x73 0x74 0x75 0x76 0x77
                                       0x78 0x79 0x7A 0x7B 0x7C
                                                                0x7D 0x7E 0x7F
0x80 0x81 0x82 0x83 0x84 0x85
                             0x86
                                  0x87
                                       0x88 0x89 0x8A 0x8B 0x8C
                                                                Ox8D Ox8E
0x90 0x91 0x92 0x93 0x94 0x95 0x96 0x97
                                       0x98 0x99 0x9A 0x9B 0x9C
                                                                Ox9D Ox9E Ox9F
Nyan nyai nya2 nya3 nya4 nya5 nya6 nya7.
                                       Dyas Dyas Dyaa Dyab Dyac
                                                                OWAD OWAR OWAR
OxBO OxB1 OxB2 OxB3 OxB4 OxB5 OxB6 OxB7
                                       OxB8 OxB9 OxBA OxBB OxBC
                                                                OxBD OxBE OxBF
0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6 0xC7
                                       OxC8 OxC9 OxCA OxCB OxCC
                                                                OxCD OxCE
                                                                         OxCF
0xD0 0xD1 0xD2 0xD3 0xD4 0xD5 0xD6 0xD7
                                       OxD8 OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC
                                                                OxDD OxDE
OXEO OXE1 OXE2 OXE3 OXE4 OXE5 OXE6 OXE7 OXE8 OXE9 OXEA OXEB OXEC OXED OXEE OXEF
OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5 OxF6 OxF7 OxF8 OxF9 OxFA OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFE
Read from rx_buffer:
0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F
0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C
                                                                Ox1D Ox1E Ox1F
0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23 0x24 0x25
                             0x26 0x27
                                       0x28 0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C
                                                                0x2D 0x2E
                                                                         0x2F
0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x3A 0x3B 0x3C
                                                                Ox3D Ox3E Ox3F
0x40 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 0x47
                                       0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B 0x4C
                                                                0x4D 0x4E
0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57 0x58 0x59 0x5A 0x5B 0x5C
                                                                0x5D 0x5E 0x5F
0x60 0x61 0x62 0x63 0x64 0x65 0x66 0x67 0x68 0x69 0x6A 0x6B 0x6C
                                                                Ox6D Ox6E Ox6F
0x70 0x71 0x72 0x73 0x74 0x75
                             0x76 0x77
                                       0x78 0x79 0x7A 0x7B 0x7C
                                                                0x7D 0x7E
0x80 0x81 0x82 0x83 0x84 0x85 0x86 0x87
                                       0x88 0x89 0x8A 0x8B 0x8C
                                                                0x8D 0x8E 0x8F
0x90 0x91 0x92 0x93 0x94 0x95
                             0x96 0x97
                                       0x98 0x99 0x9A 0x9B 0x9C
                                                                Ox9D Ox9E Ox9F
OxAO OxA1 OxA2 OxA3 OxA4 OxA5 OxA6 OxA7
                                       OxA8 OxA9 OxAA OxAB OxAC
                                                                OXAD OXAE OXAF
OxBO OxB1 OxB2 OxB3 OxB4 OxB5 OxB6 OxB7
                                       OxB8 OxB9 OxBA OxBB OxBC
                                                                OxBD OxBE OxBF
0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5
                             0xC6 0xC7
                                       OxC8 OxC9 OxCA OxCB OxCC
                                                                OxCD OxCE
0xD0 0xD1 0xD2 0xD3 0xD4 0xD5 0xD6 0xD7
                                       OxD8 OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC
                                                               OxDD OxDE OxDF
OxEO OxE1 OxE2 OxE3 OxE4 OxE5 OxE6 OxE7
                                       OxE8 OxE9 OxEA OxEB OxEC
                                                                OxED OxEE OxEF
OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5 OxF6 OxF7 OxF8 OxF9 OxFA OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFE
SPI-GD25Q16 Test Passed!
```

## 5.13 I2S\_Audio\_Player

## 5.13.1 DEMO Purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

Learn to use I2S module to output audio file



Parsing audio files of wav format

GD32103C-EVAL board integrates the I2S (Inter-IC Sound) module, and the module can communicate with external devices using the I2S audio protocol. This Demo mainly shows how to use the I2S interface of the board for audio output.

## 5.13.2 **DEMO Running Result**

Download the program<13\_I2S\_Audio\_Player>to the EVAL board, insert the headphone into the audio port, and then listen to the audio file.

## 5.14 EXMC\_NandFlash

#### 5.14.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use EXMC control the NAND flash

#### 5.14.2 **DEMO** Running Result

GD32103C-EVAL board has EXMC module to control NAND flash. Before running the demo, P2 and P3 must be fitted to the EXMC port, JP24 must be fitted to the Nand port. Download the program <14\_EXMC\_NandFlash> to the EVAL board. This demo shows the write and read operation process of NAND flash memory by EXMC module. If the test pass, LED2 will be turned on. Otherwise, turn on the LED4. Information via a HyperTerminal output as following:



NAND flash initialized! Read NAND ID! Nand flash ID:0xAD 0xF1 0x80 0x1D

Write data successfully! Read data successfully! Check the data! Access NAND flash successfully! The data to be read: 0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F 0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C 0x1D 0x1E 0x1F 0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23 0x24 0x25 0x26 0x27 0x28 0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C 0x2D 0x2E 0x2F 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x3A 0x3B 0x3C 0x3D 0x3E 0x3E 0x40 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 0x47 0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B 0x4C 0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57 0x58 0x59 0x5A 0x5B 0x5C 0x5D 0x5E 0x5E 0x60 0x61 0x62 0x63 0x64 0x65 0x66 0k67 0x68 0x69 0x6A 0x6B 0x6C 0x6D 0x6E 0x6F 0x700x71 0x72 0x73 0x74 0x75 0x76 0x77 0x78 0x79 0x7A 0x7B 0x7C 0x7D 0x7E 0x7E 0x80 0x81 0x82 0x83 0x84 0x85 0x86 0x87 0x88 0x89 0x8A 0x8B 0x8C 0x8D 0x8E 0x8F 0x90 0x91 0x92 0x93 0x94 0x95 0x96 0x97 0x98 0x99 0x9A 0x9B 0x9C 0x9D 0x9E 0x9F Oxao oxai oxa2 oxa3 oxa4 oxa5 oxa6 oxa7 oxa8 oxa9 oxaa oxab oxac oxad oxae oxaf OxBO OxB1 OxB2 OxB3 OxB4 OxB5 OxB6 OxB7 OxB8 OxB9 OxBA OxBB OxBC OxBD OxBE OxBF OxC1 OxC2 OxC3 OxC4 OxC5 OxC6 OxC7 OxC8 OxC9 OxCA OxCB OxCC OxCD OxCE OxCE 0xC0OxDO OxD1 OxD2 OxD3 OxD4 OxD5 OxD6 OxD7 OxD8 OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC OxDD OxDE OxDE OxEO OxE1 OxE2 OxE3 OxE4 OxE5 OxE6 OxE7 OxE8 OxE9 OxEA OxEB OxEC OxED OxEE OxEF OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5 OxF6 OxF7 OxF8 OxF9 OxFA OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFF 0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F 0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C 0x1D 0x1E 0x1F 0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23 0x24 0x25 0x26 0x27 0x28 0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C 0x2D 0x2E 0x2F 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x3A 0x3B 0x3C 0x3D 0x3E 0x3F 0x40 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 0x47 0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B 0x4C 0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57 0x58 0x59 0k5A 0x5B 0x5C 0x5D 0x5E 0x5E 0x60 0x61 0x62 0x63 0x64 0x65 0x66 0x67 0x68 0x69 0x6A 0x6B 0x6C 0x6D 0x6E 0x6F 0x70 0x71 0x72 0x73 0x74 0x75 0x76 0x77 0x78 0x79 0x7A 0x7B 0x7C 0x7D 0x7E 0x7E 0x81 0x82 0x83 0x84 0x85 0x86 0x87 0x88 0x89 0x8A 0x8B 0x8C 0x8D 0x8E 0x8E l0x80. 0x90 0x91 0x92 0x93 0x94 0x95 0x96 0x97 0x98 0x99 0x9A 0x9B 0x9C 0x9D 0x9E 0x9F OxAO OxAI OxAZ OxA3 OxA4 OxA5 OxA6 OxA7 OxA8 OxA9 OxAA OxAB OxAC OxAD OxAE OxAF OxB1 OxB2 OxB3 OxB4 OxB5 OxB6 OxB7 OxB8 OxB9 OxBA OxBB OxBC OxBD OxBE OxBF OxCO OxC1 OxC2 OxC3 OxC4 OxC5 OxC6 OxC7 OxC8 OxC9 OxCA OxCB OxCC OxCD OxCE OxCE OxDO OxD1 OxD2 OxD3 OxD4 OxD5 OxD6 OxD7 OxD8 OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC OxDD OxDE OxDE OxEO OxE1 OxE2 OxE3 OxE4 OxE5 OxE6 OxE7 OxE8 OxE9 OxEA OxEB OxEC OxED OxEE OxEF OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5 OxF6 OxF7 OxF8 OxF9 OxFA OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFE 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F 0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C 0x1D 0x1E 0x1F 0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23 0x24 0x25 0x26 0x27 0x28 0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C 0x2D 0x2E 0x2F 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x3A 0x3B 0x3C 0x3D 0x3E 0x3E 0x40 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 0x47 0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B 0x4C 0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57 0x58 0x59 0x5A 0x5B 0x5C 0x5D 0x5E 0x5E 0x60 0x61 0x62 0x63 0x64 0x65 0x66 0x67 0x68 0x69 0x6A 0x6B 0x6C 0x6D 0x6E 0x6F 0x70 0x71 0x72 0x73 0x74 0x75 0x76 0x77 0x78 0x79 0x7A 0x7B 0x7C 0x7D 0x7E 0x7E 0x80 0x81 0x82 0x83 0x84 0x85 0x86 0x87 0x88 0x89 0x8A 0x8B 0x8C Ox8D Ox8E Ox8F 0x90 0x91 0x92 0x93 0x94 0x95 0x96 0x97 0x98 0x99 0x9A 0x9B 0x9C 0x9D 0x9E 0x9F l∩x A∩. OxA1 OxA2 OxA3 OxA4 OxA5 OxA6 OxA7 OxA8 OxA9 OxAA OxAB OxAC OxAD OxAE OxAE OxBO OxB1 OxB2 OxB3 OxB4 OxB5 OxB6 OxB7 OxB8 OxB9 OxBA OxBB OxBC OxBD OxBE OxBF OxCO OxC1 OxC2 OxC3 OxC4 OxC5 OxC6 OxC7 OxC8 OxC9 OxCA OxCB OxCC OxCD OxCE OxCF OxDO OxD1 OxD2 OxD3 OxD4 OxD5 OxD6 OxD7 OxD8 OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC OxDD OxDE OxDF OXEO OXE1 OXE2 OXE3 OXE4 OXE5 OXE6 OXE7 OXE8 OXE9 OXEA OXEB OXEC OXED OXEE OXEF OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5 OxF6 OxF7 OxF8 OxF9 OxFA OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFE 0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F

0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C 0x1D 0x1E 0x1F 0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23 0x24 0x25 0x26 0x27 0x28 0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C 0x2D 0x2E 0x2F 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x3A 0x3B 0x3C 0x3D 0x3E 0x3F 0x40 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 0x47 0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B 0x4C 0x4D 0x4E 0x4F



## 5.15 EXMC\_TouchScreen

### 5.15.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use EXMC control LCD

### 5.15.2 DEMO Running Result

GD32103C-EVAL board has EXMC module to control LCD. Before running the demo, JP12 must be fitted to the SPI port, P2 and P3 must be fitted to the EXMC port, JP24 must be fitted to the Lcd port. Download the program <15\_EXMC\_TouchScreen> to the EVAL board. This demo displays GigaDevice logo and four green buttons on the LCD screen by EXMC module. Users can touch the green button to turn on the corresponding LED on board, and then the color of button you had touched will change to red.





#### 5.16 SDIO\_SDCardTest

#### 5.16.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use SDIO to single block or multiple block write and read
- Learn to use SDIO to erase, lock and unlock a SD card

GD32103C-EVAL board has a secure digital input/output interface (SDIO) which defines the SD/SD I/O /MMC CE-ATA card host interface. This demo will show how to use SDIO to operate on SD card.

#### 5.16.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <16\_SDIO\_SDCardTest> to the EVAL board and run. Connect serial cable to EVAL\_COM0, open the HyperTerminal. Firstly, all the LEDs flash once for test. Then initialize the card and print out the information of the card. After that, test the function of single block operation, lock and unlock operation, erase operation and multiple blocks operation. If any error occurs, print the error message and turn on LED2, LED4 and turn off LED3 and LED5. Otherwise, turn on all the LEDs.

Uncomment the macro DATA\_PRINT to print out the data and display them through HyperTerminal. Set bus mode(1-bit or 4-bit) and data transfer mode(polling mode or DMA mode) by comment and uncomment the related statements.

Information via a serial port output as following.

```
Card init success!
Card information:
## Card version 3.0x ##
## SDHC card ##
## Device size is 7761920KB ##
## Block size is 512B ##
## Block count is 15523840 ##
|## CardCommandClasses is: 5b5 ##
## Block operation supported ##
## Erase supported ##
## Lock unlock supported ##
## Application specific supported ##
## Switch function supported ##
 Card test:
 Block write success!
 Block read success!
 The card is locked!
 Erase failed!
 The card is unlocked!
 Erase success!
 Block read success!
 Multiple block write success!
 Multiple block read success!
```



#### 5.17 CAN\_Network

#### 5.17.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use the CAN0 communication between two boards

GD32103C-EVAL development board integrates the CAN(Controller Area Network) bus controller, which is a common industrial control bus. CAN bus controller follows the CAN bus protocol of 2.0 A and 2.0 B. This demo mainly shows how to communicate two EVAL boards through CAN0.

### 5.17.2 DEMO Running Result

This example is tested with two GD32103C-EVAL boards. Jump the P2, P3 to CAN with the jumper cap. Connect L pin to L pin and H pin to H pin of JP14 on the boards for sending and receiving frames. Download the program <17\_CAN\_Network> to the two EVAL boards, and connect serial cable to COM0. Firstly, the COM0 sends "please press the Tamper key to transmit data!" to the HyperTerminal. The frames are sent and the transmit data are printed by pressing Tamper Key push button. When the frames are received, the receive data will be printed and the LED2 will toggle one time.

The output information via the serial port is as following.

please press the Tamper key to transmit data! CANO transmit data: ab,cd CANO receive data: ab,cd

#### 5.18 RCU\_Clock\_Out

## 5.18.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED
- Learn to use the clock output function of RCU
- Learn to communicate with PC by USART



#### 5.18.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <18\_RCU\_Clock\_Out> to the EVAL board and run. Connect serial cable to EVAL\_COMO, open the HyperTerminal. When the program is running, HyperTerminal will display the initial information. Then user can choose the type of the output clock by pressing the TAMPER button. After pressing, the corresponding LED will be turned on and HyperTerminal will display which mode be selected. The frequency of the output clock can be observed through the oscilloscope by PA8 pin.

Information via a serial port output as following:

```
/======== Gigadevice Clock output Demo ========/
press tamper key to select clock output source
CK_OUTO: system clock
CK_OUTO: IRC8M
CK_OUTO: HXTAL
CK_OUTO: system clock
```

#### 5.19 PMU\_sleep\_wakeup

#### 5.19.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

Learn to use the USART receive interrupt to wake up the PMU from sleep mode

## 5.19.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program < 19\_PMU\_sleep\_wakeup > to the EVAL board, connect serial cable to EVAL\_COM0. After power-on, all the LEDs are off. The MCU will enter sleep mode and the software stop running. When the USART0 receives a byte of data from the HyperTerminal, the MCU will wake up from a receive interrupt. And all the LEDs will flash together.

#### 5.20 RTC\_Calendar

#### 5.20.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use RTC module to implement calendar and alarm function
- Learn to use USART module to implement time display



#### 5.20.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <20\_RTC\_Calendar> to the EVAL board and run. Connect serial cable to EVAL\_COM0, open the HyperTerminal. After start-up, the program will ask to set the time on the HyperTerminal. The calendar will be displayed on the HyperTerminal. At the same time, set current time add 10 second as alarm time. After 10 second, the alarm note will be displayed on the HyperTerminal and turn on LEDs.

```
This is a RTC demo.....
This is a RTC demo!
RTC not yet configured....
RTC configured...
           Please Set Hours: 20
 Please Set Minutes:
 Please Set Seconds:
Set Alarm Time: 20:20:30
Time: 20:20:20
Time: 20:20:20
Time: 20:20:21
Time: 20:20:22
Time: 20:20:23
Time: 20:20:24
Time: 20:20:25
     20:20:26
Time:
Time: 20:20:27
Time: 20:20:28
Time: 20:20:29
   ========RTC Alarm and turn on LED=======================
Time: 20:20:30
Time: 20:20:31
```

## 5.21 TIMER\_Breath\_LED

## 5.21.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use Timer output PWM wave
- Learn to update channel value

## 5.21.2 **DEMO** Running Result

Use the DuPont line to connect the TIMER0\_CH0 (PA8) and LED2 (PC0), and then download the program <21\_TIMER\_Breath\_LED> to the GD32103C-EVAL board and run. PA8 should not be reused by other peripherals.

When the program is running, you can see LED2 lighting from dark to bright gradually and then gradually darken, ad infinitum, just like breathing as rhythm.



## 5.22 USBD\_Keyboard

#### 5.22.1 DEMO\_Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn how to use the USBD peripheral mode
- Learn how to implement USB HID(human interface) device

The GD32103C-EVAL board is enumerated as an USB Keyboard, which uses the native PC Host HID driver, as shown below. The USB Keyboard uses three keys to output three characters ('b', 'a' and 'c'). In addition, the demo also supports remote wakeup which is the ability of a USB device to bring a suspended bus back to the active condition, and the 'Tamper' key is used as the remote wakeup source.



## 5.22.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <22\_USBD\_Keyboard> to the EVAL board and run. If you press the Tamper key, will output 'a'. If you press the Wakeup key, will output 'b'. If you press the User key, will output 'c'.

If you want to test USB remote wakeup function, you can do as follows:

- Manually switch PC to standby mode
- Wait for PC to fully enter the standby mode
- Push the User key
- If PC is ON, remote wakeup is OK, else failed.



#### 5.23 USBD\_CDC\_ACM

#### 5.23.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn how to use the USBD peripheral
- Learn how to implement USB CDC device

GD32103C-EVAL board has one USBD interface. In this demo, the GD32103C-EVAL board is enumerated as an USB virtual COM port, which was shown in device manager of PC as below. This demo makes the USB device look like a serial port, and loops back the contents of a text file over USB port. To run the demo, input a message using the PC's keyboard. Any data that shows in HyperTerminal is received from the device.



## 5.23.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <23\_USBD\_CDC\_ACM> to the EVAL board and run. When you input message through computer keyboard, the HyperTerminal will receive and shown the message. For example, when you input "GigaDevice MCU", the HyperTerminal will get and show it as below.





# 6 Revision history

Table 2. Revision history

| Revision No. | Description                      | Date          |
|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| 1.0          | Initial Release                  | Nov. 16, 2015 |
| 2.0          | CU version                       | Jun. 30, 2017 |
| 2.1          | Firmware Update, Consistency     | Jul. 31, 2018 |
| 2.1          | Update                           |               |
|              | Firmware Update. Routine name,   |               |
| 2.2          | LCD routine logo, SD card driver | Apr. 30. 2021 |
|              | update                           |               |



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