









ProLight PS2P-TFPE-GP 0.2W Power LED Technical Datasheet Version: 1.2

# ProLight Opto ® PS2P Series

#### **Features**

- ·High Color rendering index
- ·Good color uniformity
- ·Industry's first lighting-class LED
- ·Low Voltage DC operated
- ·Instant light (less than 100ns)
- ·No UV

### **Main Applications**

- ·The perfect light color for the Bakery counter
- ·T8/T5 tube
- ·LED bulb
- ·Indoor/Outdoor Commercial and Residential Architectural

#### Introduction

·PS2P qualifies as the JEDEC Level 1 MSL sensitivity level and suitable for SMD process, Pb\_free reflow soldering capability, and full compliance with EU Reduction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) legislation.

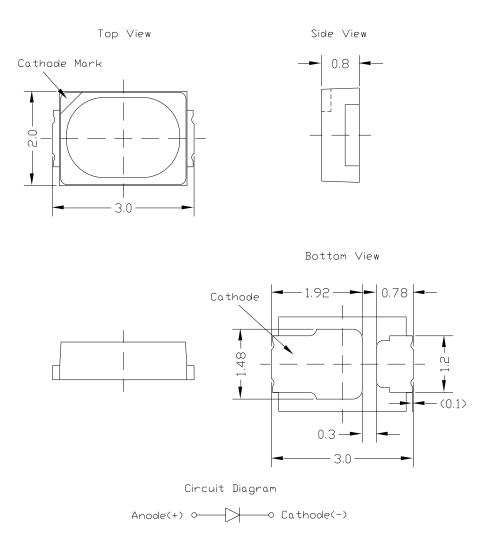
2016/10 DS-0078

No. 89, Xiyuan Rd., Zhongli City, Taoyuan County 320, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Tel: +886-3-461-8618 Fax: +886-3-461-8677 www.prolightopto.com



### **Emitter Mechanical Dimensions**



#### Notes:

- 1. The cathode side of the device is denoted by the chamfer on the part body.
- 2. Drawing not to scale.
- 3. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 4. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are  $\pm$  0.10mm.
- 5. Please do not solder the emitter by manual hand soldering, otherwise it will damage the emitter.
- 6. Please do not use a force of over 0.3kgf impact or pressure on the lens of the LED, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.

\*The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.



# Flux Characteristics at 60mA, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C

Radiation	Color	Part Number	Luminous F	lux Φ <sub>v</sub> (lm)	CRI
Pattern	Coloi	Emitter	Minimum	Typical	Minimum
Lambertian	Gold Plus	PS2P-TFPE-GP	19.4	22	80

- ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 7% on flux and power measurements.
- ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 2 on CRI measurements.
- Please do not drive at rated current more than 1 second without proper heat sink.

# Electrical Characteristics at 60mA, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C

Color	Fo	rward Voltage V <sub>F</sub>	(V)	Thermal Resistance
Color	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Junction to Slug (°C/W)
Gold Plus	2.9	3.2	3.5	50

ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 0.1V for Voltage measurements.

# Optical Characteristics at 60mA, T<sub>j</sub> = 25°C

					Total	
Radiation		Color	Temperatur	e CCT	included Angle (degrees)	Viewing Angle (degrees)
Pattern	Color	Min.	Typ.	Max.	$\theta_{0.90V}$	2 θ <sub>1/2</sub>
Lambertian	Gold Plus	2200 K	-	2500 K	160	120

<sup>•</sup> ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 5% for CCT measurements.



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Gold Plus
DC Forward Current (mA)	70
Peak Pulsed Forward Current (mA)	90 (less than 1/10 duty cycle@1KHz)
ESD Sensitivity	> ±500V
(HBM per MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.7)	> ±500 V
LED Junction Temperature	120°C
Operating Board Temperature	-40°C - 90°C
at Maximum DC Forward Current	40 0 30 0
Storage Temperature	-40°C - 120°C
Soldering Temperature	JEDEC 020c 260°C
Allowable Reflow Cycles	3
Reverse Voltage	Not designed to be driven in reverse bias

#### **Photometric Luminous Flux Bin Structure**

Color	Bin Code	Minimum Photometric Flux (Im)	Maximum Photometric Flux (lm)	Available Color Bins
	N2	19.4	22	All
Gold Plus	P1	22	25	All
	P2	25	28.5	[1]

- ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 7% on flux and power measurements.
- The flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.
- [1] The rest of color bins are not 100% ready for order currently. Please ask for quote and order Possibility.

### **Forward Voltage Bin Structure**

Color	Bin Code	Minimum Voltage (V)	Maximum Voltage (V)
	В	2.9	3.0
	D	3.0	3.1
Cold Dive	E	3.1	3.2
Gold Plus	F	3.2	3.3
	G	3.3	3.4
	Н	3.4	3.5

ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 0.1V for Voltage measurements.

Note: Although several bins are outlined, product availability in a particular bin varies by production run and by product performance. Not all bins are available in all colors.

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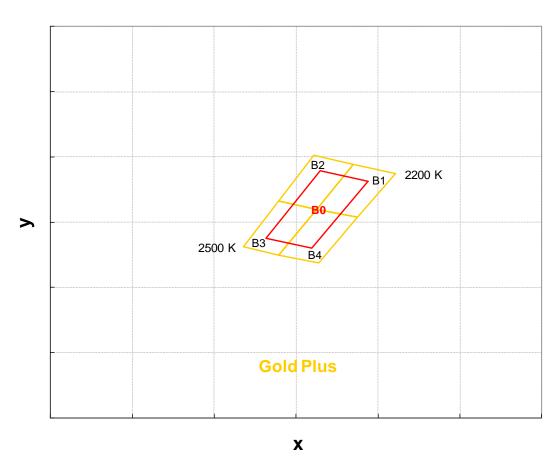
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### **Color Bin**

**Gold Plus Binning Structure Graphical Representation** 



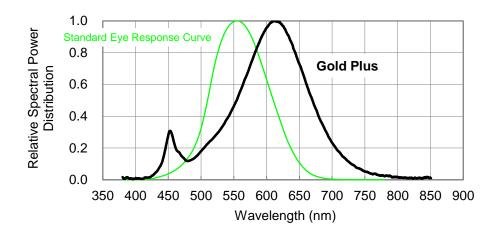
#### Note:

1. ProLight **SmartBin** is working to make the color bin smarter, by selecting that intelligence is infused into major **B0** bin with minor B1-B4 bins and processes that make assembly easily



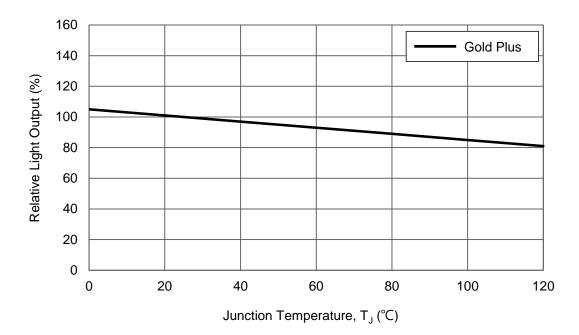
# Color Spectrum, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C

#### 1. Gold Plus



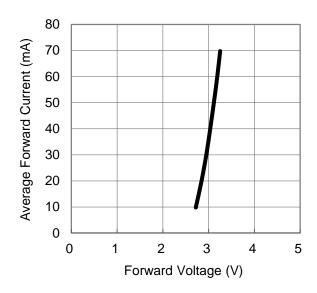
### **Light Output Characteristics**

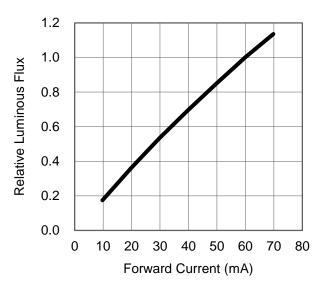
Relative Light Output vs. Junction Temperature at 60mA





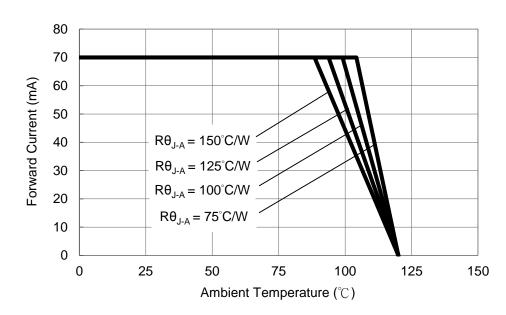
# Forward Current Characteristics, T<sub>j</sub> = 25°C





### **Ambient Temperature vs. Maximum Forward Current**

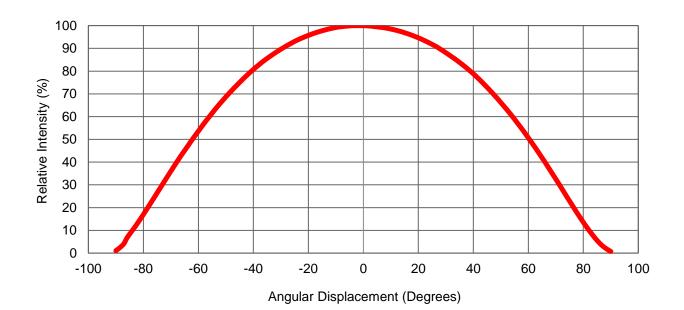
1. Gold Plus (T<sub>JMAX</sub> = 120°C)





# **Typical Representative Spatial Radiation Pattern**

**Lambertian Radiation Pattern** 





# **Moisture Sensitivity Level - JEDEC Level 1**

				Soak Req	uirements	
Level	Floo	r Life	Stan	dard	Accelerated	Environment
	Time	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions
1	Unlimited	≤30°C / 85% RH	168 +5/-0	85°C / 85% RH	NA	NA

- The standard soak time includes a default value of 24 hours for semiconductor manufature's exposure time (MET) between bake and bag and includes the maximum time allowed out of the bag at the distributor's facility.
- Table below presents the moisture sensitivity level definitions per IPC/JEDEC's J-STD-020C.

				Soak Req	uirements	
Level	Floor	r Life	Stan	dard	Accelerated Environment	
	Time	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions	Time (hours)	Conditions
1	Unlimited	≤30°C / 85% RH	168 +5/-0	85°C / 85% RH	NA	NA
2	1 year	≤30°C / 60% RH	168 +5/-0	85°C / 60% RH	NA	NA
2a	4 weeks	≤30°C / 60% RH	696 +5/-0	30°C / 60% RH	120 +1/-0	60°C / 60% RH
3	168 hours	≤30°C / 60% RH	192 +5/-0	30°C / 60% RH	40 +1/-0	60°C / 60% RH
4	72 hours	≤30°C / 60% RH	96 +2/-0	30°C / 60% RH	20 +0.5/-0	60°C / 60% RH
5	48 hours	≤30°C / 60% RH	72 +2/-0	30°C / 60% RH	15 +0.5/-0	60°C / 60% RH
5a	24 hours	≤30°C / 60% RH	48 +2/-0	30°C / 60% RH	10 +0.5/-0	60°C / 60% RH
6	Time on Label (TOL)	≤30°C / 60% RH	Time on Label (TOL)	30°C / 60% RH	NA	NA



# **Qualification Reliability Testing**

Stress Test	Stress Conditions	Stress Duration	Failure Criteria
Room Temperature Operating Life (RTOL)	25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = max DC (Note 1)	1000 hours	Note 2
Wet High Temperature Operating Life (WHTOL)	85°C/60%RH, I <sub>F</sub> = max DC (Note 1)	1000 hours	Note 2
Wet High Temperature Storage Life (WHTSL)	85°C/85%RH, non-operating	1000 hours	Note 2
High Temperature Storage Life (HTSL)	110°C, non-operating	1000 hours	Note 2
Low Temperature Storage Life (LTSL)	-40°C, non-operating	1000 hours	Note 2
Non-operating Temperature Cycle (TMCL)	-40°C to 120°C, 30 min. dwell, <5 min. transfer	200 cycles	Note 2
Mechanical Shock	1500 G, 0.5 msec. pulse, 5 shocks each 6 axis		Note 3
Natural Drop	On concrete from 1.2 m, 3X		Note 3
Variable Vibration Frequency	10-2000-10 Hz, log or linear sweep rate, 20 G about 1 min., 1.5 mm, 3X/axis		Note 3
Solder Heat Resistance (SHR)	260°C ± 5°C, 10 sec.		Note 3
Solderability	Steam age for 16 hrs., then solder dip at 260°C for 5 sec.		Solder coverage on lead

#### Notes:

- 1. Depending on the maximum derating curve.
- 2. Criteria for judging failure

Item	Test Condition	Criteria for	r Judgement	
item	Min.		Max.	
Forward Voltage (V <sub>F</sub> )	$I_F = max DC$		Initial Level x 1.1	
Luminous Flux or Radiometric Power $(\Phi_V)$	I <sub>F</sub> = max DC	Initial Level x 0.7		
Reverse Current (I <sub>R</sub> )	$V_R = 5V$		50 μA	

<sup>\*</sup> The test is performed after the LED is cooled down to the room temperature.

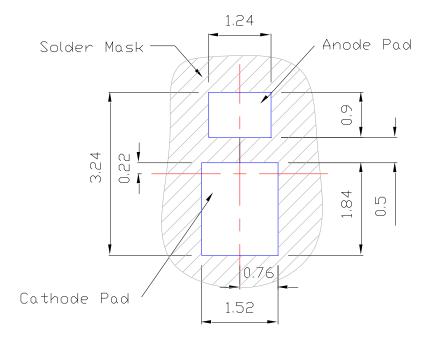
3. A failure is an LED that is open or shorted.



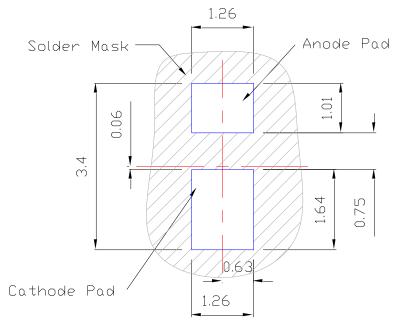
# **Recommended Solder Pad Design**

**Standard Emitter** 







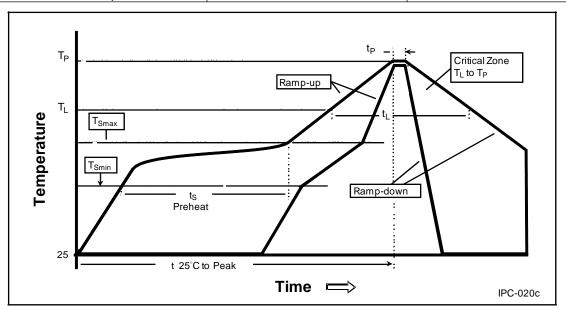


All dimensions are in millimeters.



### **Reflow Soldering Condition**

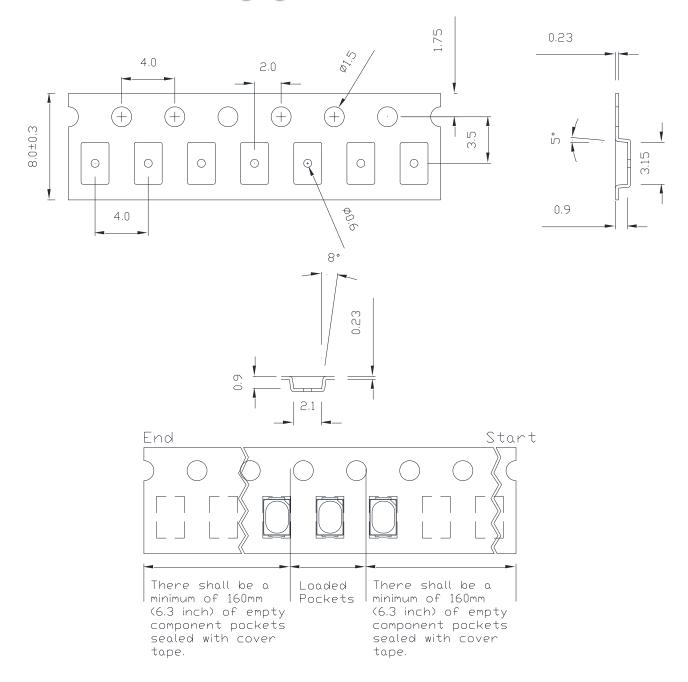
Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly	Pb-Free Assembly
Average Ramp-Up Rate	3°C / second max.	3°C / second max.
(T <sub>Smax</sub> to T <sub>P</sub> )	5 C / Second max.	5 C/ Second max.
Preheat		
– Temperature Min (T <sub>Smin</sub> )	100°C	150°C
– Temperature Max (T <sub>Smax</sub> )	150°C	200°C
– Time (t <sub>Smin</sub> to t <sub>Smax</sub> )	60-120 seconds	60-180 seconds
Time maintained above:		
– Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )	183°C	217°C
– Time (t <sub>L</sub> )	60-150 seconds	60-150 seconds
Peak/Classification Temperature (T <sub>p</sub> )	240°C	260°C
Time Within 5°C of Actual Peak	10-30 seconds	20-40 seconds
Temperature (t <sub>P</sub> )	10-20 Seconds	20-40 Seconds
Ramp-Down Rate	6°C/second max.	6°C/second max.
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	6 minutes max.	8 minutes max.



- We recommend using the M705-S101-S4 solder paste from SMIC (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd.) for lead-free soldering.
- Do not use solder pastes with post reflow flux residue>47%. (58Bi-42Sn eutectic alloy, etc) This kind of solder pastes may cause a reliability problem to LED.
- All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a
  double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the
  characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- Reflow soldering should not be done more than three times.
- When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.



# **Emitter Reel Packaging**

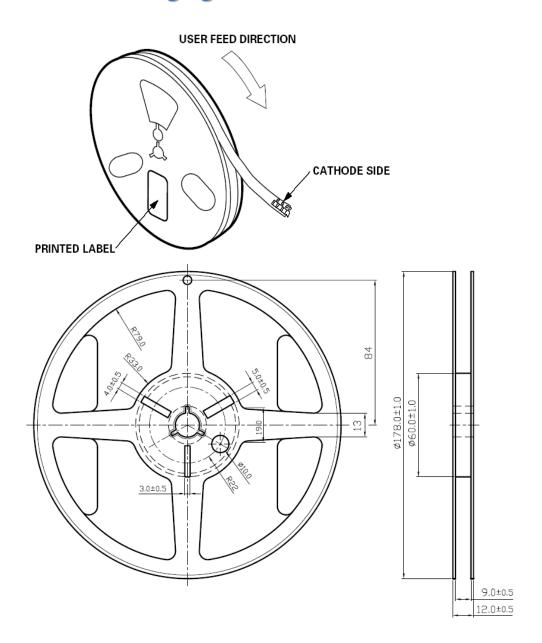


#### Notes:

- 1. Drawing not to scale.
- 2. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 3. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are  $\pm$  0.10mm.



# **Emitter Reel Packaging**



#### Notes:

- 1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
- 2. 3000 pieces per reel.
- 3. Drawing not to scale.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters.



#### **Precaution for Use**

Storage

Please do not open the moisture barrier bag (MBB) more than one week. This may cause the leads of LED discoloration. We recommend storing ProLight's LEDs in a dry box after opening the MBB. The recommended storage conditions are temperature 5 to 30 °C and humidity less than 40% RH. It is also recommended to return the LEDs to the MBB and to reseal the MBB.

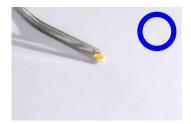
- The slug is is not electrically neutral. Therefore, we recommend to isolate the heat sink.
- We recommend using the M705-S101-S4 solder paste from SMIC (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd.) for lead-free soldering.
- Do not use solder pastes with post reflow flux residue>47%. (58Bi-42Sn eutectic alloy, etc) This kind of solder pastes may cause a reliability problem to LED.
- Any mechanical force or any excess vibration shall not be accepted to apply during cooling process to normal temperature after soldering.
- Please avoid rapid cooling after soldering.
- Components should not be mounted on warped direction of PCB.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a heat plate should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent and etc. When cleaning is required, isopropyl alcohol should be used.
- When the LEDs are illuminating, operating current should be decide after considering the package maximum temperature.
- The appearance, specifications and flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice. Please refer to the below website for the latest datasheets. http://www.prolightopto.com/

### **Handling of Silicone LEDs**

Notes for handling of silicone LEDs

- Please do not use a force of over 0.3kgf impact or pressure on the silicone, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.
- The LEDs should only be picked up by making contact with the sides of the LED body.
- Avoid touching the silicone especially by sharp tools such as Tweezers.
- Avoid leaving fingerprints on the silicone.
- Please store the LEDs away from dusty areas or seal the product against dust.
- When populating boards in SMT production, there are basically no restrictions regarding the form of the pick and place nozzle, except that mechanical pressure on the silicone lens must be prevented.
- Please do not mold over the silicone lens with another resin. (epoxy, urethane, etc)





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